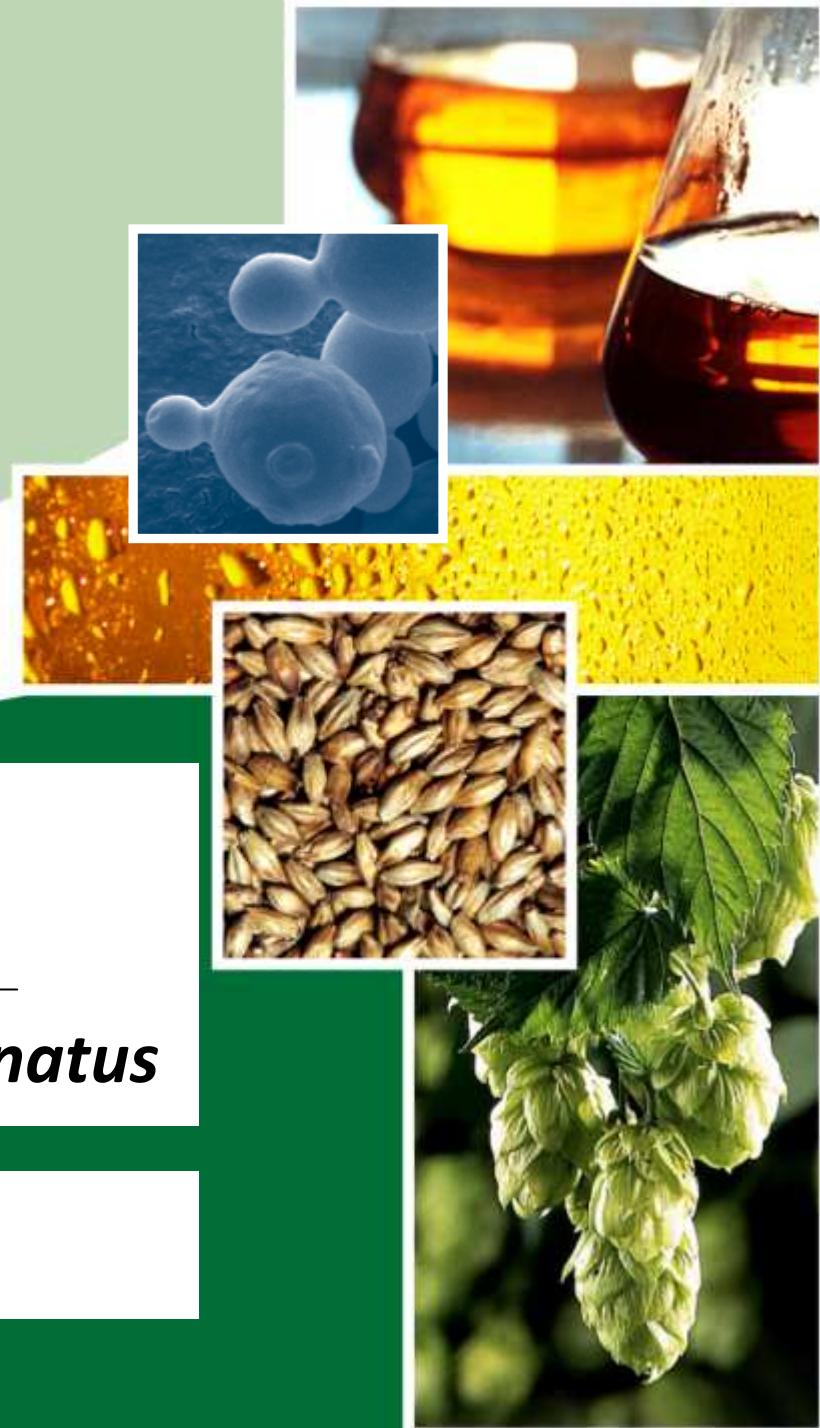




Strictly anaerobic bacteria in beer and in breweries

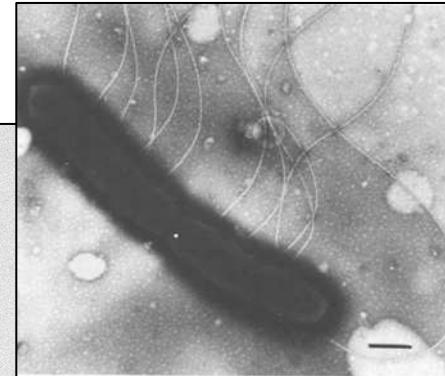
Identification of the genus *Pectinatus*

Dagmar Matoulková, Mikrobiologie
Výzkumný ústav pivovarský a sladařský, a.s.



Content

- 1) Strictly anaerobic bacteria involved in beer spoilage
- 2) Genus *Pectinatus*
- 3) Identification of bacteria *Pectinatus*
- 4) Conclusion



Striktně anaerobní bakterie v pivu a pivovarském provozu



Strictly anaerobic bacteria involved in beer spoilage

Main factors affecting microbiological stability of beer:

- oxygen
- alcohol content
- hop bitter compounds
- low content of utilizable nutrients
- low pH



Current trend in bottling technology – lowering of oxygen tension in finished beer to a minimum (below 1 mg/l)

→ beer becomes a medium for strictly anaerobic bacteria

Strictly anaerobic bacteria involved in beer spoilage

Strictly anaerobic bacteria adjusted to the brewery environment:

genera *Pectinatus*, *Megasphaera*, *Selenomonas*, *Zymophilus* currently classed into the family Acidaminococcaceae (domain Bacteria, phylum Firmicutes, class Clostridia, order Clostridiales)

- *Pectinatus* and *Megasphaera* are obligate beer spoilers
- *Zymophilus* and *Selenomonas* are sporadically isolated from contaminated beer and yeast
- mesophilic, nonsporulating, gram-negative or gram-variable bacteria with strictly fermentative metabolism



Genus *Pectinatus*

- ***Pectinatus* is the source of 20 to 30% cases of spoilage of bottled beer, often nonpasteurized one**
- mesophilic, nonsporulating, motile straight to curved rods with cell size in the range of 0.4 – 0.9 x 2.0 – 32.0 µm
- motion of young cells resemble the letter X, older cells exhibit snake-like motion
- genus *Pectinatus* is a transitory form between gram-negative and gram-positive bacteria
- **the bacteria tolerate pH 3.0-8.0, alcohol up to 4.5 % (w/v)**
- species: *P. cerevisiiphilus*, *P. frisingensis*, *P. haikarae*



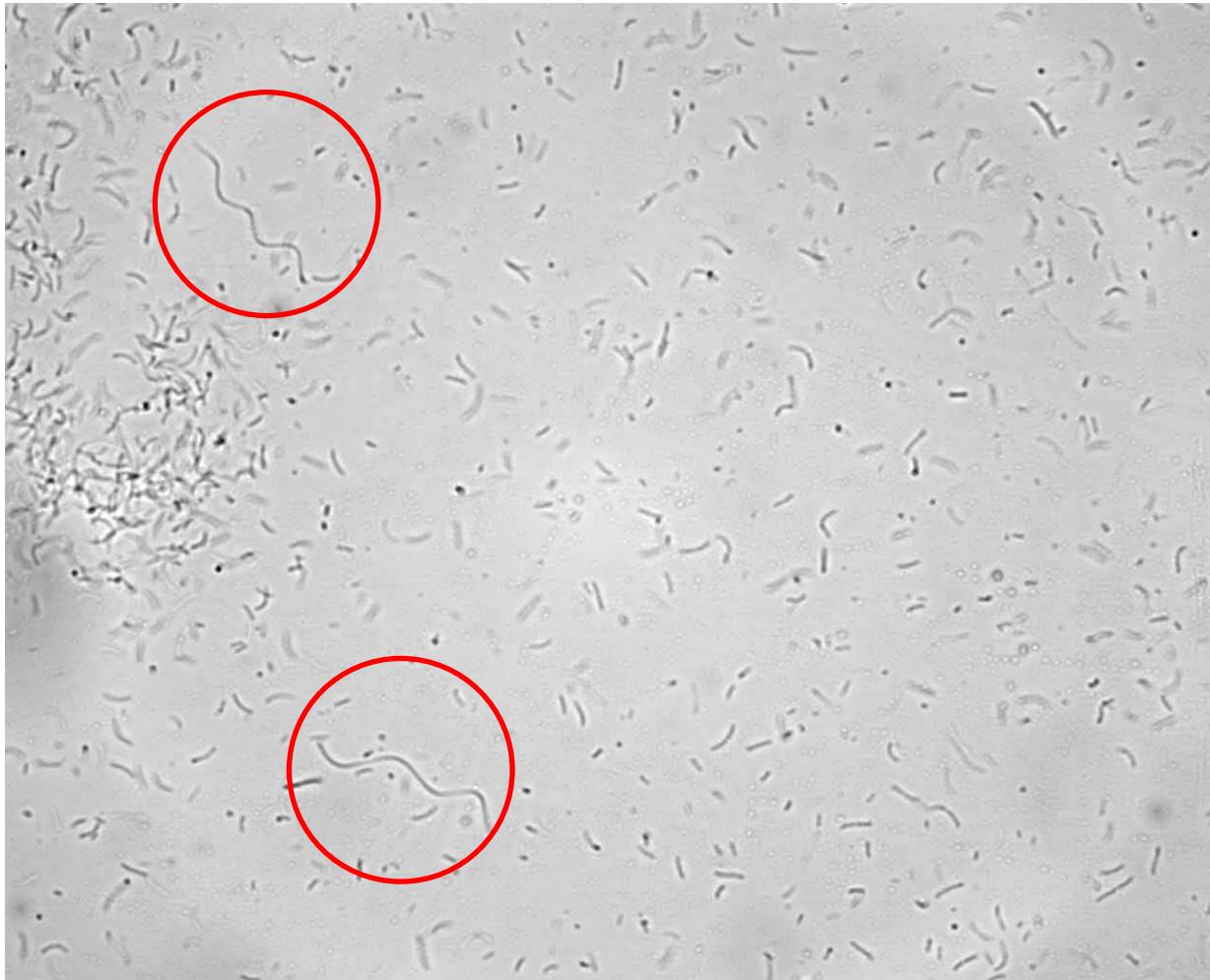
Identification of bacteria *Pectinatus*

- presence of *Pectinatus* in brewery is not revealed by conventional microbiological checks
- **Research Institute of Brewing and Malting has developed selective semifluid medium based on MRS-broth, that allow for detection of *Pectinatus* during 24 – 48 hours after inoculation**
- we compared more than 25 variants of liquid/semafuid media – efficiency was tested in several Czech brewery plants
- **medium composition will be protected - patent application is pending**



Sample from brewery

– swab sample taken from filling machine in bottling hall



Striktně anaerobní bakterie v pivu a pivovarském provozu





Conclusion

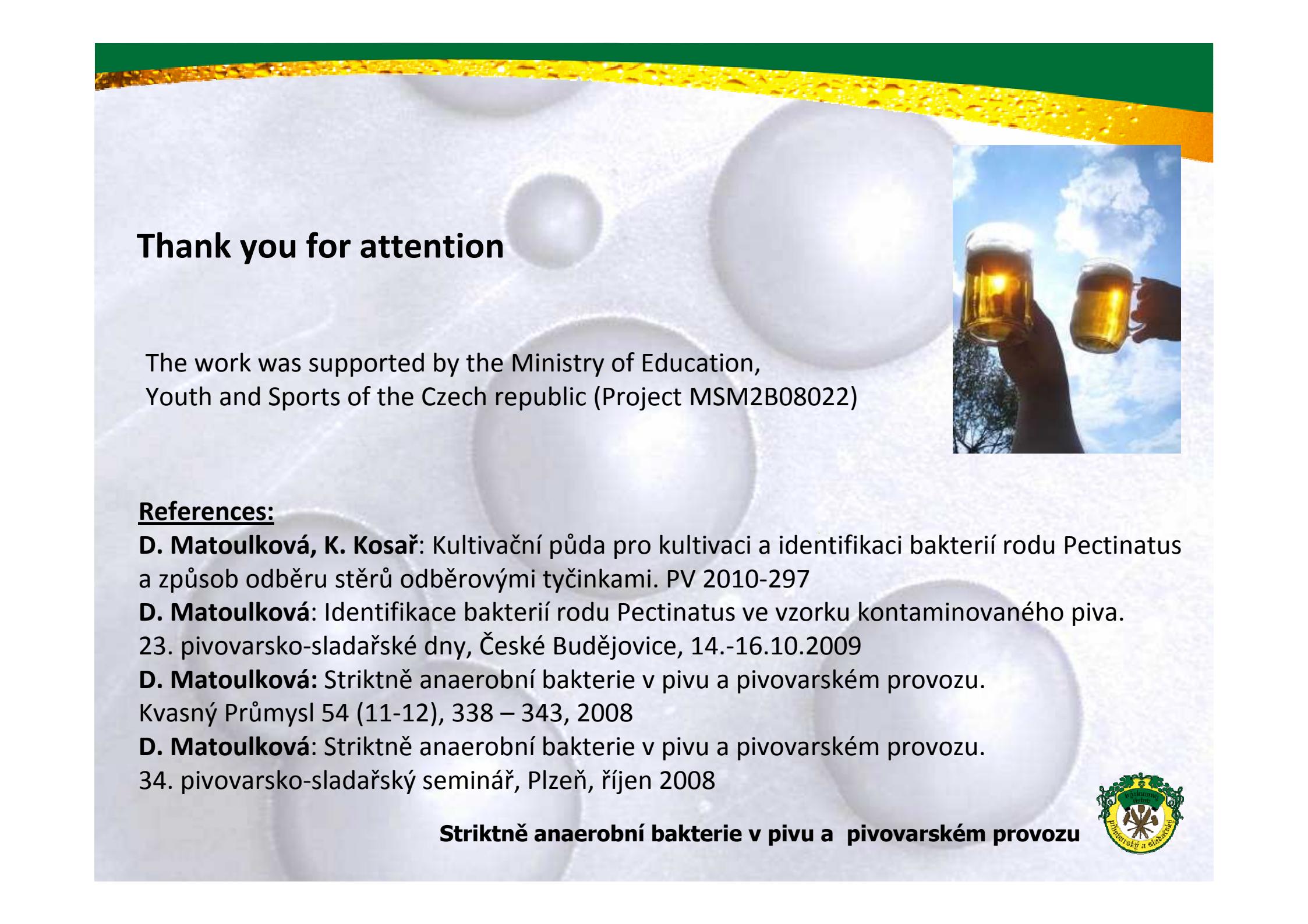
Aims of our present and future work are:

- to further accelerate detection of *Pectinatus*
- to find out natural environment of *Pectinatus*
- to explain mode of transfer into the brewery
- find out sources and reservoirs of these bacteria in breweries
- explain the basis of persistence of *Pectinatus* in brewery environment



Striktně anaerobní bakterie v pivu a pivovarském provozu





Thank you for attention

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